## Intermediate Algebra Final Exam Review

Part One: Do not use a calculator on this portion of the review. Give all answers in exact form, and show all supporting work.

Problems #1-2: Perform the indicated operations, and simplify.

1. 
$$\frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-2x-4} \cdot \frac{x^2-x-6}{2x^2-5x-3}$$

2.  $\frac{x-1}{3x^2-5x-2} - \frac{x}{2x^2-x-6}$ 

Problems #3-6: Evaluate without using a calculator.

3.  $7\sqrt{64}$ 4.  $\sqrt[3]{-27}$ 5.  $\log_2\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$ 6.  $e^{\ln 32}$ 

Problems #7-11: Find the domains of the given functions.

- 7.  $f(x) = \sqrt{5-3x}$ 8.  $f(x) = 3^{x+1}$ 9.  $f(x) = \log_2(x-4)$ 10. f(x) = 2x - 711.  $f(x) = x^2 + 2$
- 12. Find the excluded values for the given expression:

$$\frac{x^2-25}{x^2-2x-3}$$

Problems #13-30: Solve the given equations. Show all supporting work and give all answers in exact form.

13. 
$$2 + \frac{9}{x^2} = \frac{9}{x}$$
  
14.  $|4x-2|+5=13$   
15.  $\frac{-3}{x-4} - \frac{4}{x+2} = \frac{3}{x^2-2x-8}$   
16.  $\sqrt{4-x} = x-2$   
17.  $\sqrt{4x+1} = 6$   
18.  $\sqrt[3]{x+1} = 2$   
19.  $\sqrt[3]{6x-3} - 3 = 0$   
20.  $\sqrt{2x-1} - 4 = -\sqrt{x-4}$   
21.  $(x+1)^2 - 12 = 0$   
22.  $(3x-2)^2 + 4 = 0$   
23.  $2x^2 - 4x = 3$   
24.  $5x^2 - 3 = 14x$   
25.  $x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 5x^{\frac{1}{3}} = -6$   
26.  $x^4 - 3x^2 = 4$   
27.  $5^{2x-3} = 25$   
28.  $25^{2x-3} = 5$   
29.  $\log_2(x+1) = 4$   
30.  $\log_2 x + \log_2(x+2) = 3$ 

Problems #31-32: Solve the given inequalities. Show all supporting work.

31.  $2x^2 - 5x - 7 < 0$ 

$$32. \quad \frac{x-3}{x+7} \ge 0$$

Problems #33-34: Simplify each of the following. Use absolute values where appropriate.

33. 
$$\sqrt{(3x-8)^2}$$
  
34.  $\sqrt[5]{(3x-8)^5}$ 

Problems #35-36: Convert each radical to a rational exponent and simplify. Write the final answer in radical form. Assume all variables represent positive numbers.

35. 
$$\sqrt[7]{x^2} \cdot \sqrt[6]{x}$$
  
36.  $\frac{\sqrt[5]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$ 

Problems #37-38: Simplify the given radicals. Assume all variables represent positive numbers.

37.  $\sqrt{50x^3y^4}$ 38.  $\sqrt[3]{16x^4y^5}$ 

Problems #39-42: Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Assume all variables represent positive numbers.

39. 
$$\sqrt{12xy} \cdot \sqrt{3y}$$
  
40.  $\sqrt[5]{8x^{3}y^{4}} \cdot \sqrt[5]{4x^{3}y^{3}}$   
41.  $\sqrt{3}(2x + \sqrt{6})$   
42.  $(5 - \sqrt{3})(6 + \sqrt{2})$ 

Problems #43-45: Rationalize each denominator. Assume all variables represent positive numbers.

43. 
$$\frac{5\sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{y}}$$
44. 
$$\frac{2+\sqrt{x}}{3-\sqrt{x}}$$
45. 
$$\frac{4x}{\sqrt[5]{2x^2y^4}}$$

Problems #46-48: Express each in terms of i and simplify.

46.  $\sqrt{-36}$ 47.  $3\sqrt{-25}$ 48.  $\sqrt{-9} \cdot \sqrt{-16}$ 

Problems #49-52: Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Assume all variables represent positive numbers.

49. 
$$(3 + i)^{2} + (4 - 2i)^{2}$$
  
50.  $\frac{12 + i}{2 - 3i}$   
51.  $i^{29}$   
52.  $i^{40}$ 

Problems #53-55: Write a quadratic equation with integer coefficients that has the given solutions.

53.  $\left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 3 \right\}$ 54.  $\left\{ -4, 2 \right\}$ 55.  $\left\{ 2i, -2i \right\}$ 

Problems #56-58: Calculate the discriminant. Determine the number and the kind of solutions to the quadratic equation.

56. 
$$-2x^{2} + 9x + 5 = 0$$
  
57.  $5x^{2} - 4x = -6$   
58.  $-9x^{2} = 6x - 1$ 

Problems #59-63: Given  $f(x) = 4x^2 - x - 7$ , find each of the following.

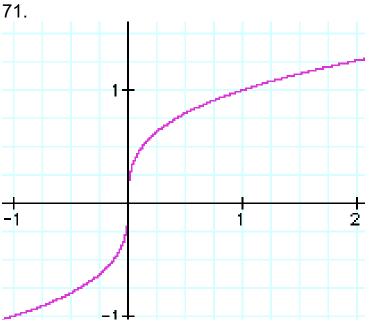
- 59. f(4)60. f(-2)6`.  $f(\sqrt{2})$ 62. f(2i)
- 63. f(t+i)

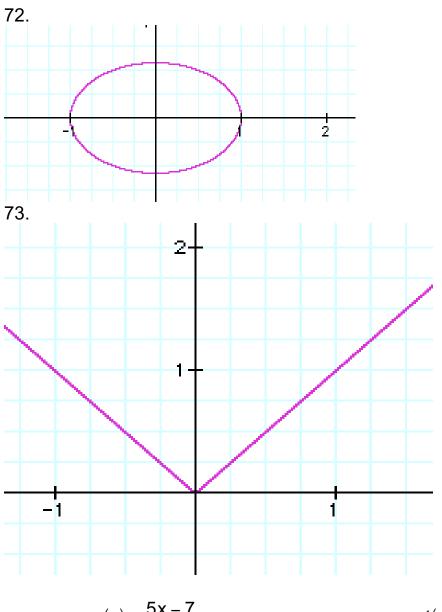
Problems #64-69: Given  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$  and g(x) = 2x - 3, find each of the following. 64. (f + g)(0)65. (fg)(x)66. f(3) + g(-1)67.  $(f \circ g)(2)$ 68.  $(f \circ g)(x)$ 

69. State the Vertical Line Test. What is the Vertical Line Test used for?

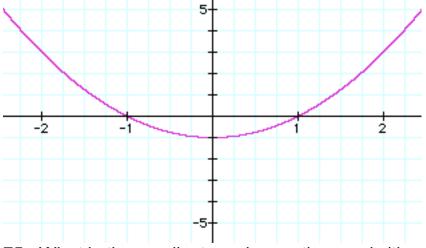
70. State the Horizontal Line Test. What is the Horizontal Line Test used for?

Problems #71-73: For each graph, apply the appropriate test and determine if the graph represents a function and, if it does represent a function, whether the function has an inverse function.





74. Given  $f(x) = \frac{5x-7}{6}$ , find the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$ .



Problems #75-79: Use the given graph to answer the questions.

75. What is the smallest y-value on the graph (the minimum value for the function)?

76. What is the x-coordinate where the smallest y-value occurs?77. What are the x-intercepts? (Give your answer in ordered pair form).

78. If x = 0, what is y?

79. If f(x) = 3, what is x?

Problems #80-89: Graph the given functions. Set up a table of coordinates. Find x-intercepts and y-intercepts, and any other important features of the graph. For a parabola, find the vertex. For an exponential function, find the horizontal asymptote.

80. 
$$f(x) = 2(x-1)^2 + 3$$
  
81.  $f(x) = -2(x+2)^2 - 1$   
82.  $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 5$   
83.  $f(x) = -x^2 + 8x - 17$   
84.  $f(x) = 2^x$   
85.  $f(x) = 2^{x+3}$   
86.  $f(x) = 2^x - 1$   
87.  $f(x) = \log_2 x$   
88.  $f(x) = \log_1 x$ 

$$89. f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$$

Part Two: You may use your calculator on this portion of the review. Show enough work so that I can see where you got your answer. Give exact answers and then use your calculator to approximate to the nearest thousandth (three decimal places).

Problems #90-96: Use your calculator to evaluate each of the following to the nearest thousandth.

- 90.  $\sqrt{9} + 19 + \sqrt{25}$ 91.  $(15)^{\frac{4}{7}}$
- 92. <sup>5</sup>√41 + ∜4
- 93. e<sup>1.34</sup>
- 94. ln8.3
- 95. log16.7
- 96. log<sub>2</sub> 5.78

Problems #97-101: Solve the given applied problems. Round answers to the nearest tenth.

97. Find the solutions to the given equation:

 $f(x) = -0.2x^2 + 0.4x + 1$ 

98. Find the maximum value of the function and the value of x at which the maximum value occurs:

 $f(x) = -0.2x^2 + 0.4x + 1$ 

99. Standing on a platform 50 feet high, a person accidentally fires a gun straight into the air. The function

 $f(t) = -16t^2 + 60t + 50$ 

models the bullet's height above the ground, f(t), in feet, t seconds after the gun was fired. How long will it take for the bullet to hit the ground? Use a calculator and round your answer to the nearest tenth of a second.

100. The function  $f(t) = 10.1e^{0.005t}$  models the population, f(t), of Los Angeles, California, in millions, t years after 1992. If the growth rate continues into the future, when will the population reach 13 million? 101. The function  $f(x) = 2.9\sqrt{x} + 20.1$  models the average height, in inches, of boys who are x months of age, 0 < x < 60. Find the age at which the average height of boys is 40.4 inches.

102. In still water, a boat averages 30 mph. It takes the boat the same anount of time to travel 16 miles downstream as 14 miles upstream. What is the rate of the water's current?

103. A car travels 60 miles in the same time that a car traveling 10 miles per hour faster travels 90 miles. What is the rate of each car?

Solve each of the following equations: 104.  $4^{x} = 7$ 

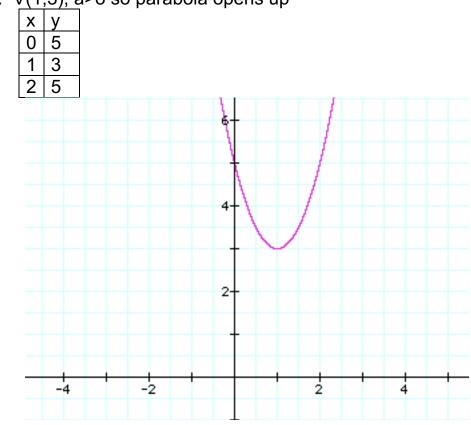
105.  $4^{2x-1} = 7$ 

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Answers:	
1. $\frac{(x+2)^2}{2(x+1)(2x+1)}$	21. $x = -1 \pm 2\sqrt{3}$
2. $\frac{-x^2-3}{(3x+1)(2x+3)(x-2)}$	$22. \ x = \frac{2 \pm 2i}{3}$
3. 56	23. x = $\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{10}}{2}$
43	24. $x = -\frac{1}{5}$ , 3
5. –4	25. x = 27, 8
6. 32	26. $x = \pm 2, \pm i$
7. x ≤ $\frac{5}{3}$	27. x = $\frac{5}{2}$
8. all reals	28. x = $\frac{7}{4}$
9. x > 4	29. x = 15
10. all reals	30. $x = 2$ ( $x = -4$ doesn't check)
11. all reals	$31. \left(-1, \frac{7}{2}\right)$
12. x ≠ 3, x ≠ −1	32. (-∞,-7)∪[3,∞)
13. $x = \frac{3}{2}, 3$	33.  3x - 8
$\frac{2}{14. \ x = \frac{5}{2}, \ -\frac{3}{2}}$	34. 3x – 8
15. x = 1	35. $\sqrt[42]{x^{19}}$
16. x = 0, 3	36. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[15]{x^7}}$
17. $x = \frac{35}{4}$ 18. $x = 7$	$37. 5xy^2\sqrt{2x}$
18. x = 7	$38. \ 2xy\sqrt[3]{2xy^2}$
19. x = 5	39. $6y\sqrt{x}$
20. x = 5 (x = 85 doesn't check)	40. $2xy\sqrt[5]{xy^2}$

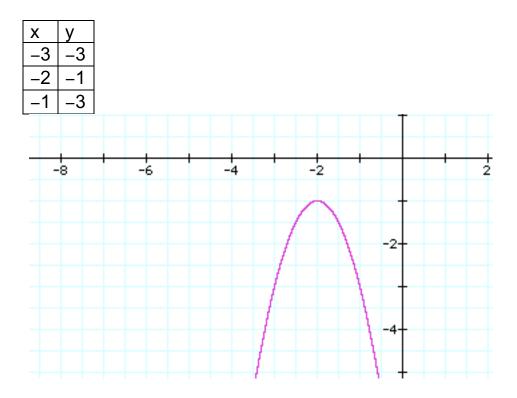
41. $2x\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{2}$	61. $f(\sqrt{2}) = 1 - \sqrt{2}$
42. $30 - 6\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}$	62. f(2i) = -23-2i
$5\sqrt{3xy}$	63. $f(t+i) = 4t^2 + 8it - t - i - 11$
43. $\frac{5\sqrt{3xy}}{y}$ 44. $\frac{6+5\sqrt{x}+x}{9-x}$ 45. $\frac{4x \sqrt[5]{16x^{3}y}}{2xy}$	
$6 + 5\sqrt{x} + x$	64. $(f+g)(0) = -4$
44. $\frac{0+3\sqrt{x+x}}{2}$	
$\frac{9-\chi}{1}$	65. (fg)(x) = $2x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x + 3$
45. $\frac{4x\sqrt{16x^2y}}{2}$	(19)(x) = 2x = 3x = 2x + 3
2xy	
46. 6i	66. $f(3) + g(-1) = 3$
47. 15i	67. $(f \circ g)(2) = 0$
48. –12	68. $(f \circ g)(x) = 4x^2 - 12x + 8$
49. 12 + 4i	69. See pg. 523 in text.
50. $\frac{21+38i}{12}$	70. See pg.815 in text.
1.3	
51. i	71. Passes VLT- is a function
	Passes HLT-has an inverse
52. 1	72. Fails VLT-is not a function
	and can't have an inverse
	function.
53. $2x^2 - 7x + 3 = 0$	73. Passes VLT- is a function
	Fails HLT-does not have an
$54 x^2 \cdot 0x \cdot 0 = 0$	inverse function
54. $x^2 + 2x - 8 = 0$	74. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{6x+7}{5}$
55. $x^2 + 4 = 0$	
56. $b^2 - 4ac = 121 > 0$	75. y = -1
two real solutions	76
57. $b^2 - 4ac = -104 < 0$	76. x = 0
two complex sol'ns that are	
not real $58 \text{ h}^2$ $4aa$ $72 \text{ h}^2$	77. x = -1, x = 1
58. $b^2 - 4ac = 72 > 0$	// 1, 1
two real solutions 59 $f(A) = 53$	78 y - 1
59. $f(4) = 53$	78. $y = -1$
60. f(-2) = 11	79. x = -2, x = 2

80-89. See graphs on following	97. x = -1.5, 3.5
pages.	
90. 10.292	98. x = 1.0, max value is y = 1.2
91. 4.700	99. 4.5 sec for the bullet to hit
	the ground.
92. 3.516	100. 2042 AD is when the pop.
	will reach 13 million.
93. 3.819	101. age 49 months is when the
	avg. ht. is 40.4 inches.
94. 2.116	102. current's speed is 2 mph
95. 1.223	103. slower car's speed is
	20mph, faster car's speed is
	30mph
96. 2.531	104. 1.404
	105. 1.202

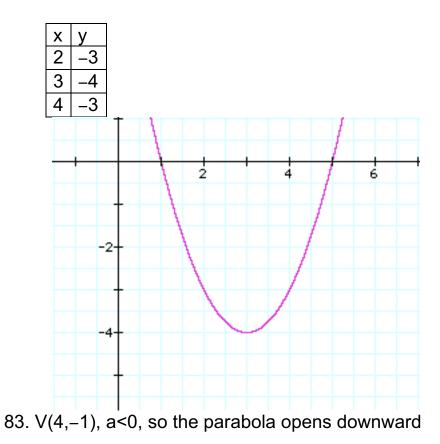


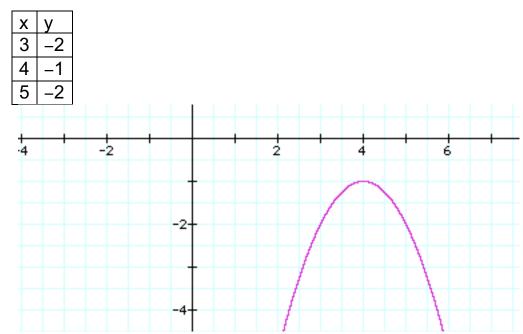
## 80. V(1,3), a>o so parabola opens up

81. V(-2,-1), a<0 so parabola opens downward

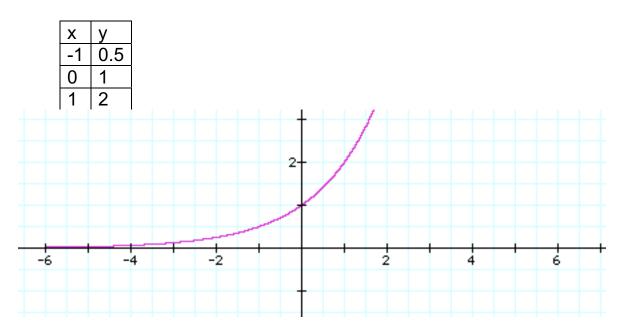


82. V(3,-4), a>0 so the parabola opens upward

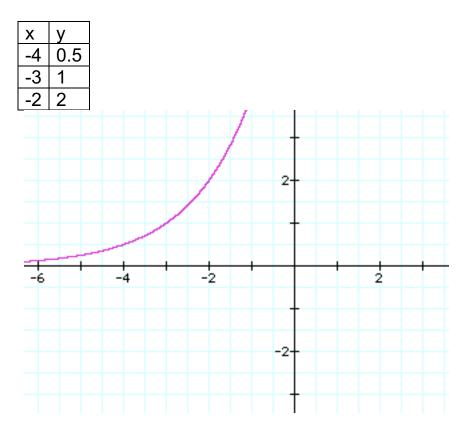




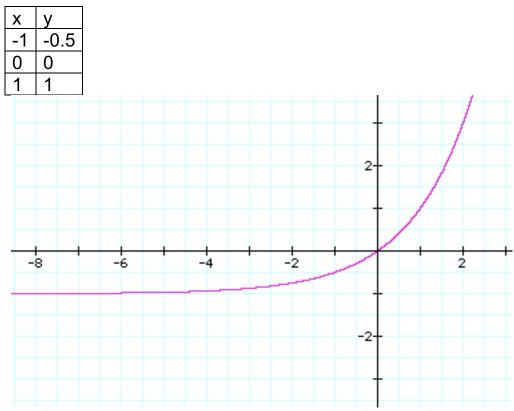
84. exponential graph, horizontal asymptote is the negative x-axis



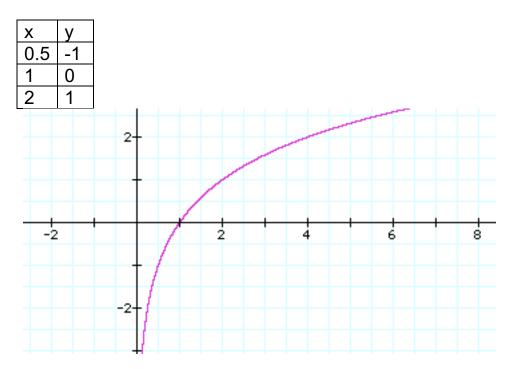
85. exponential graph, shift  $y = 2^x$  three units to the left, horizontal axymptote is the negative x-axis.



86. exponential graph, shift  $y = 2^x$  one unit down, horizontal asymptote moves down one unit also to the horizontal line y = -1.



87. logarithmic graph, vertical asymptote is negative y-axis



88. logarithmic graph, vertical asymptote is positive y-axis

