Experiment V Titration Exp				Date					
Lab Partners:									
You will need to perform the NaOH standardization using potassium hydrogen phthalate (KHP) at least twice (molar mass of KHP [abbreviated KHP $_{mm}$ ] is 204.215 g/mol). Use about 1.00 g KHP for each analysis. Using these data you will determine the NaOH concentration, your standard solution. You will perform a titration using diluted vinegar (containing acetic acid) three times. ( <i>Report your moles of KHP to 4 significant figures.</i> ) (mol <sub>KHP</sub> = mass <sub>KHP</sub> / KHP $_{mm}$ )									
KHP #1	Mass	mol <sub>KHP</sub>							
KHP #2									
KHP #3									
<b>Sample</b>	Start (mL)	Finish (mL)	Volume (mL	<u>NaOI</u>	I molarity (M)				
_ <u>KHP#1</u>									
_KHP #2									
_KHP #3									
Average NaOH molarity (M) =									
Use the table below for the acetic acid titration experiment on the second day.									
<b>Sample</b>	Start (mL)	Finish (mL)	Vol (mL)	# Drops	Endpoint Volume <sup>1</sup>				

<b>Sample</b>	Start (mL)	Finish (mL)	Vol (mL)	# Drops	Endpoint Volume <sup>1</sup>

From the KHP results, you can determine the concentration of the sodium hydroxide solution. You will also determine the acetic acid concentration in vinegar (remember the vinegar solution used in the actual experiment is a 10-fold dilution).

NaOH molarity:  $mol_{KHP} = M_bV_b$   $\underline{or}$   $M_b = mol_{KHP} / V_b$ 

 $M_a V_a = M_b V_b \qquad \qquad \underline{\textit{or}} \qquad M_a = 10 \; x \; (\; M_b V_b \; / \; V_a \; ) \; \; \textit{the 10 adjusts for the diluted vinegar}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Endpoint volume is determined from computer analysis of data on third day of lab.