## Astronomy Ranking Task:

Dark Matter

## Exercise \#2

Description: Imagine a solar system in the Milky Way Galaxy that is roughly 20,000 lightyears away from the center. The planetary family orbits a single star. The table below lists the planets in this solar system and the lengths of their semimajor axes.

| Planet | Semimajor Axis (AU) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $P$ | 2.1 |
| $Q$ | 0.5 |
| $R$ | 37 |
| $S$ | 49 |
| $T$ | 15 |
| $U$ | 4.0 |

A. Ranking instructions: Rank the lengths of the planets' orbital periods.

Ranking Order: Shortest 1 $\qquad$ 2 $\qquad$ 3 $\qquad$ 4 $\qquad$ 5 $\qquad$ 6 $\qquad$ Longest

Or, all the planets have approximately the same orbital period. $\qquad$ (indicate with a check mark)

Or, there is not enough information to determine the lengths of the orbital periods. $\qquad$ (indicate with a check mark)

Carefully explain your reasoning for ranking this way:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
B. Ranking instructions: Rank the orbital speeds of the planets.

Ranking Order: Slowest 1 $\qquad$ 2 $\qquad$ 3 $\qquad$ 4 $\qquad$ 5 $\qquad$ 6 $\qquad$ Fastest Or, all the planets orbit with approximately the same speed. $\qquad$ (indicate with a check mark)

Or, there is not enough information to determine the orbital speeds. $\qquad$ (indicate with a check mark)

## Carefully explain your reasoning for ranking this way:

