A Multi-Institution Study on the Effectiveness of ClassAction to Promote Student Understanding in Astro 101

Kevin M. Lee¹, Rica Sirbaugh French², Dennis R. Hands³, Daniel Loranz⁴, Danielle Martino⁵, Alexander L. Rudolph⁶, James Wysong⁷, Todd S.Young⁸, Edward E. Prather⁹, CATS¹⁰

1University of Nebraska, 2MiraCosta College, 3High Point University, 4Truckee Meadows Community College, 5Santiago Canyon College, 6California State Polytechnic University, Pomona, 7Hillsborough Community College, 8Wayne State

Think-Pair-Share (TPS)

- · Well-known, research-validated, active-learning technique
- · Pose conceptually rich multiple-choice question, typically post-instruction Students vote individually
- · colored flashcards, personal response systems, or simply hands Results dictate plan of action
 - move on
- students discuss with peers ("find someone that voted differently and convince him/her that you are correct")
- remedial instruction
- Both students and instructors benefit from real-time feedback

ClassAction

- · Suite of 22 freely available computer modules
- http://astro.unl.edu (run online or download & run locally)
- runs in web browser with Adobe Flash plug-in
- designed specifically for introductory astronomy · some concepts in physics, chemistry, and earth science
- 400+ multiple-choice and discussion guestions
- 60+ interactive simulations and animations
- · dozens of topic outlines and images
- Questions vary in form and function
- interpretation of images, diagrams, animations
- interpolate, extrapolate, estimate, identify functional dependencies, mathematical/geometric reasoning involving graphs, charts, equations
- schematic and Venn diagrams, tables, flowcharts, concept maps
- Specially designed to maximize effectiveness of TPS and voting
- · ability to recast many questions into alternate permutations
- provide feedback and/or remediate using accompanying interactive resources

Light and Spectroscopy Concept Inventory (LSCI)

- Assessment instrument covering the EM spectrum, Doppler shift, Wien's law, Stefan-Boltzmann law, and Kirchhoff's laws
- multiple-choice
- research-validated
- · ClassAction's "Light & Spectra" module overlaps significantly with LSCI



A Multi-Institutional Study

- Measure efficacy of ClassAction "Light & Spectra" module in Astro 101
- 6 institutions: 9 classes: 240+ students: local IRB-approved
- Methodology
- · 2-day workshop for instructors to learn and practice implementation of ClassAction materials – all instructors were first-time users
- undergraduate assistants recorded ClassAction usage in class
- · taught light and spectra portions of introductory astronomy courses exclusively with ClassAction materials
- LSCI administered as both pre- and post-test

Results

- pre-test scores, spread in normalized gain, and average gain (27.9%) parallel work by Prather et al. (Am. J. Phys., Vol. 77, No. 4, April 2009)
- Conclusions
- gain is correlated with number of questions used
- gain spread indicates proper implementation is a key factor
- · ClassAction is research-validated



Figure 1. Normalized gain <g> vs. pre-test percentage



Improving ClassAction

- · Instructors requested additional questions on EM bands and properties of liaht
- · the following questions have been added



- · Two LSCI questions had gains near zero; ClassAction did not cover these topics
- the following questions have been added



- Active development continues
- filling in sparse topic areas
- refining questions
- · better linkages between questions and feedback mechanisms

Future initiatives

- editor that allows instructors to create their own modules from subsets of existing ClassAction materials
- · capability to incorporate your own questions into existing modules

Acknowledgments



This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant Nos. 0404988 and 0715517, a CCLI Phase III Grant for the Collaboration of Astronomy Teaching Scholars (CATS). Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation

Collaboration of Astronomy Teaching Scholars An NSF Funded Center for Astronomy Education (CAE) Program